BioMarin Haemophilia Timeline

KEY: HAEMOPHILIA

PIONEERS

GENETICS

BIOMARIN

1800s

Haemophilia— The royal disease 1800s

Mendel's theory of inheritance 1865

DNA isolated 1869

1940s-1950s

Whole-blood transfusion in hospital 1940s

DNA double helix described 1953

19709

At-home replacement therapy available, with plasma-derived factor concentrates 1970s

Dr Barrie Carter begins work on AAV-mediated gene transfer biotechnology at the National Institutes of Health 1970

Dr Gordon Vehar begins work on factor VIII 1976 1980s

Genes for factor VIII and factor IX are cloned 1980s

The Centers for Disease Control (CDC) reports first AIDS case in haemophilia

Dr Barrie Carter publishes a paper describing the use of AAV as a vector 1984

Dr Gordon Vehar publishes a paper reporting successful factor VIII cloning 1984

Dr Wing Yen Wong begins haematology fellowship 1987 1990s

First gene therapy trial in humans

Recombinant clotting factors approved

FVIII 1992 FIX 1997 FVIIa 1999

1999

BIOMARIN

BioMarin incorporates 1997

Lessons learned regarding risks related to potential for severe immune response in early gene therapy trial with non-AAV vector

2000s

Prophylaxis is recommended as standard of care 2000s

Human Genome Project completed 2003

First gene therapy trial in haemophilia B using AAV vector technology 2005

BioMarin therapies for rare diseases approved

Mucopolysaccharidosis I 2003

Mucopolysaccharidosis VI 2005

Phenylketonuria 2007

Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome 2009

Dr Gordon Vehar joins BioMarin 2008 2010s

Dr Barrie Carter joins BioMarin 2011

Extended half-life factors approved 2014

BioMarin therapies for rare diseases approved

Mucopolysaccharidosis IVA 2014

Neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 2017

Investigational gene therapy by BioMarin: Haemophilia A trial to research safety and efficacy starts (BMN 270-201) 2015

Dr Wing Yen Wong joins BioMarin 2016

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